

# YEAR 11 MATHEMATICS METHODS UNIT 1

**TEST 3**TERM 2, 2018

Test date: Wed 9th of May

STUDENT NAME:

All working must be shown in the space provided. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than 2 marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks.

	Total	Result	
Section 1	33		
Section 2	25		<b>%</b>
Total	58		

## Section 1: Resource - Free

Working time: 33 minutes

**Question 1** [1, 1 = 2 marks]

For the graph of  $y = (x+3)^2 - 2$  state:

- a) The coordinates of the y-intercept
- b) The equation of the line of symmetry

Question 2 [1, 1 = 2 marks]

For the graph of y = (x + 4)(x - 2) state:

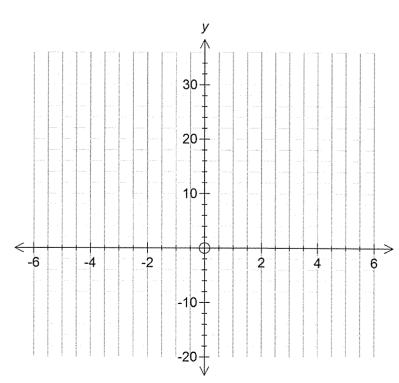
- a) The equation of the line of symmetry
- b) The coordinates of the turning point

# Question 3 [3 marks]

On the axes shown right, sketch a graph of the function

$$y = (x+2)(x-4)^2$$

Clearly label all axes intercepts.



## **Question 4** [3, 2, 2 = 7 marks]

Given  $g(x) = 3x^3 - 16x^2 + 23x - 6 = (x - 2)(ax^2 + bx + c);$ 

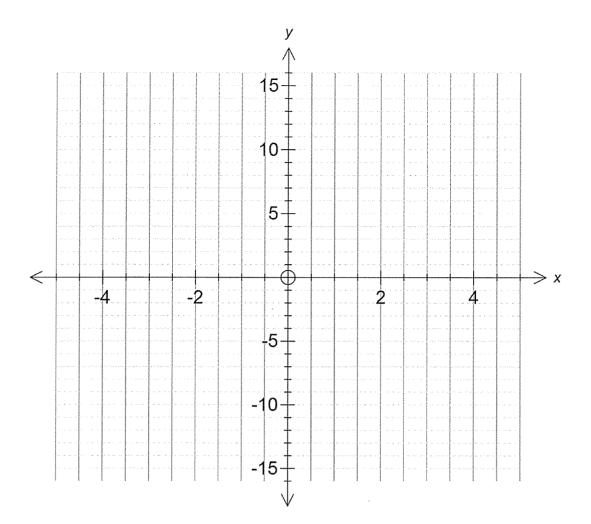
a) Find the values of a, b, and c.

b) Hence, fully factorise g(x).

c) Solve the equation  $3x^3 - 16x^2 + 23x - 6 = 0$ .

# Question 5 [4, 2, 2 = 8 marks]

- a) Graph the function  $y = x^2 4x 7$  on the axes on the next page below over the range  $-2 \le x \le 5$ , labelling and stating the:
  - i) line of symmetry,
  - ii) turning point,
  - iii) *y*-intercept.



b) Use **the discriminant** to show the equation  $y = x^2 - 4x - 7$  has two roots.

- c) If the graph is to have only one root, the graph will need to be translated upwards d units.
  - i) What is the value of d?
  - ii) What is the equation of the new graph?

# Question 6 [2, 2, 3, 4 = 11 marks]

Solve the following using any appropriate method or show that there is no real solution. Give exact answers and simplify where possible.

a) 
$$x^2 + 9 = 25$$

b) 
$$6x^2 - 11x = -3$$

c) 
$$3x^2 - 2x - 2 = 0$$

d) 
$$2x^3 - 3x^2 - 8x - 3 = 0$$



# YEAR 11 MATHEMATICS METHODS UNIT 1

Test date: Tuesday 20

APPLECROSS SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL

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25

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Section 2: Resource - Rich

Working time: 25 minutes

To be provided by the student:

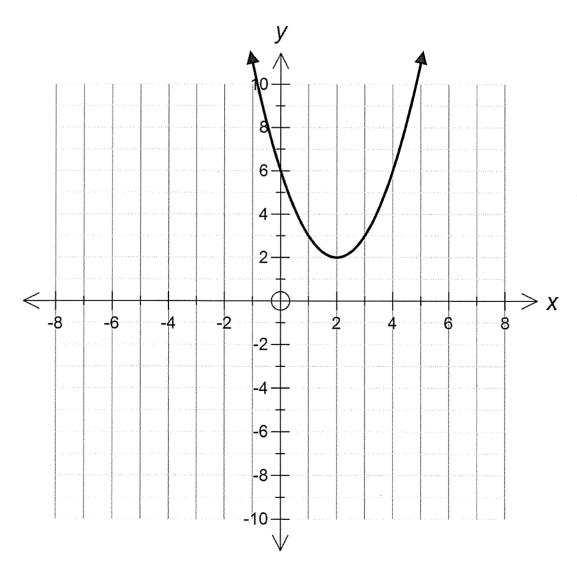
ClassPad and/or Scientific Calculators
1 sheet of A<sub>4</sub>-sized paper of notes, double-sided

**Question 7** [1, 2 = 3 marks]

The graph of the function y = g(x) is show on the right. On the same axes, sketch and label graphs of

a) 
$$y = \frac{g(x)}{2}$$

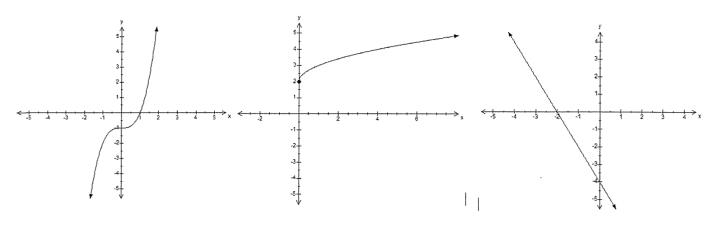
b) 
$$y = -g(x-1)$$



Page 5

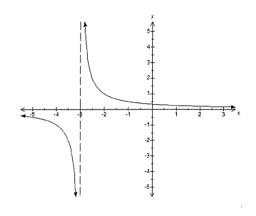
# **Question 8** [2, 4 = 6 marks]

The graphs of 5 functions are shown below.

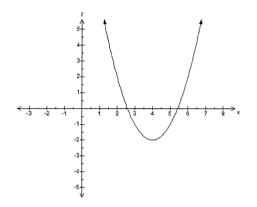


Graph A

Graph B



Graph D



Graph E

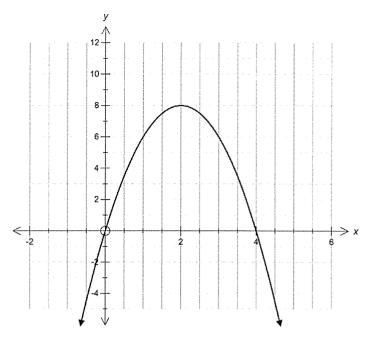
a) Match each graph above to its corresponding equation below.

Equation	$y = \frac{1}{x+a}$	$y = b + \sqrt{x}$	$y = (x-c)^2 + d$	$y=x^3+e$	y = fx + g
Graph					

(b) Find the value of each of the constants a, b, c, d, e, f and g in the equations above.

# Question 9 [3 marks]

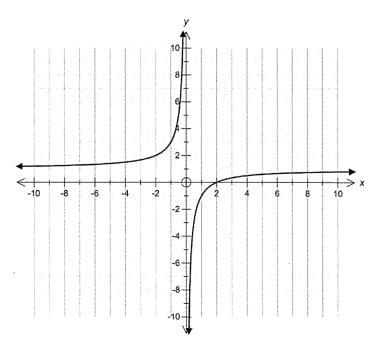
Derive the equation of the function graphed on the right.



## Question 10 [2, 2, 2, 2, 1 = 9 marks]

a) Under certain circumstances, the volume V (in mL) of a given quantity of gas is inversely proportional to its pressure P (in kPa). In a particular experiment, when the pressure was 90 kPa, the volume of gas was 40 mL. What will the volume be when the pressure is increased to 120 kPa?

b) Identify the equation of the graphed function.



Page 7

- c) State the natural domain and range of the function graphed in part (b)
- d) For the function  $w(x) = \frac{3}{4-x} + 2$ , determine the
  - i) equation of any and all asymptotes
  - ii) behaviour of W(X) as  $X \rightarrow +\infty$

### Question 11 [4 marks]

A rectangular piece of cardboard is 4 cm longer than it is wide. An open-top box is constructed from the piece of cardboard by cutting a 6 cm square out of each corner and folding the resulting flaps upwards to create the box. If the volume of the box created in this way is 840 cm<sup>3</sup>, find the dimensions of the original piece of cardboard.



# **VEAR 11 MATHEMATICS** METHODS UNIT 1

TEST 3

TERM 2, 2018

Test date: Wed 9th of May

# APPLECROSS

SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL

STUDENT NAME:

Solution

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Section 2	25		%
Total	58		

## Section 1: Resource - Free

Working time: 33 minutes

#### Question 1 [1, 1 = 2 marks]

For the graph of  $y = (x+3)^2 - 2$  state:

The coordinates of the y-intercept

#### Question 2 [1, 1 = 2 marks]

For the graph of y = (x + 4)(x - 2) state:

The equation of the line of symmetry

$$-\frac{4++2}{2} = -1$$
  $x = -1$ 

### The equation of the line of symmetry bì $\gamma = -3$ v

The coordinates of the turning point

$$y = (1+4)(-1-2) = -9$$
 $(-1,-9)$ 

#### [3 marks] Question 3

On the axes shown right, sketch a graph of the function

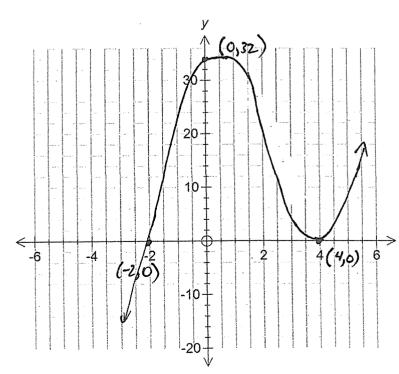
$$y = (x+2)(x-4)^2$$

Clearly label all axes intercepts.

roots at -2 & 4 V

y-int at 32

Shapel orientation



#### Question 9 [3 marks]

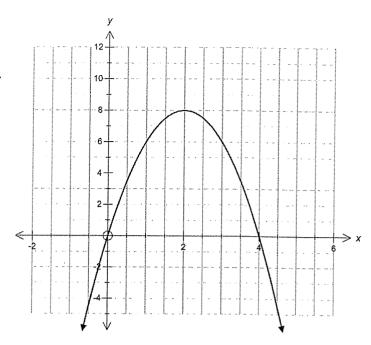
Derive the equation of the function graphed on the right.

=) 
$$y = a(x-2)^2 + 8$$

$$0 = 4a + 8$$
  
 $0 = -2$ 

$$a = -2$$

$$y = -2(x-2)^2 + 8$$



## Question 10 [2, 2, 2, 2, 1 = 9 marks]

Under certain circumstances, the volume V (in mL) of a given quantity of gas is inversely proportional to a) its pressure P (in kPa). In a particular experiment, when the pressure was 90 kPa, the volume of gas was its pressure P (in kPa). In a particular experiment, when the pressure is increased to 120 kPa? 40 mL. What will the volume be when the pressure is increased to 120 kPa?

Rule:  $\sqrt{-3600}$ 

$$V = \frac{k}{P}$$

$$\Rightarrow 40 = \frac{k}{90}$$

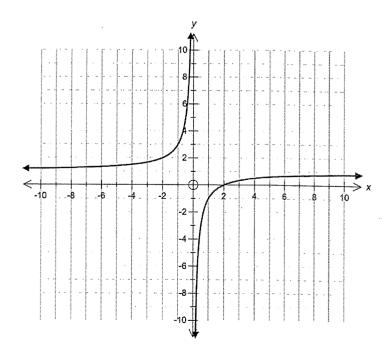
$$40 = \frac{k}{90} = 25000$$

$$P = 120 \Rightarrow V = \frac{360\%}{12\%}$$

Identify the equation of the graphed b) function.

$$=$$
  $\alpha = -2$ 

$$y = -\frac{2}{x} + 1$$



Page 7



# YEAR 11 MATHEMATICS METHODS UNIT 1

TEST 3

TERM 2, 2018 Test date: Wed 9th of May

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# Section 1: Resource - Free

Working time: 33 minutes

Question 1 [1, 1 = 2 marks]

For the graph of  $y = (x+3)^2 - 2$  state:

The coordinates of the y-intercept

$$x=0 \Rightarrow y=7 \qquad (0,7) \checkmark$$

Question 2 [1, 1 = 2 marks]

For the graph of y = (x + 4)(x - 2) state:

The equation of the line of symmetry

$$\frac{-4++2}{2} = -1$$
  $x = -1$ 

$$x = -1$$

b) The equation of the line of symmetry Y=-3 V

b) The coordinates of the turning point

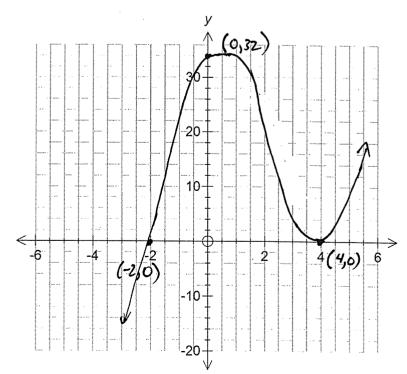
$$y = (1+4)(-1-2) = -9$$

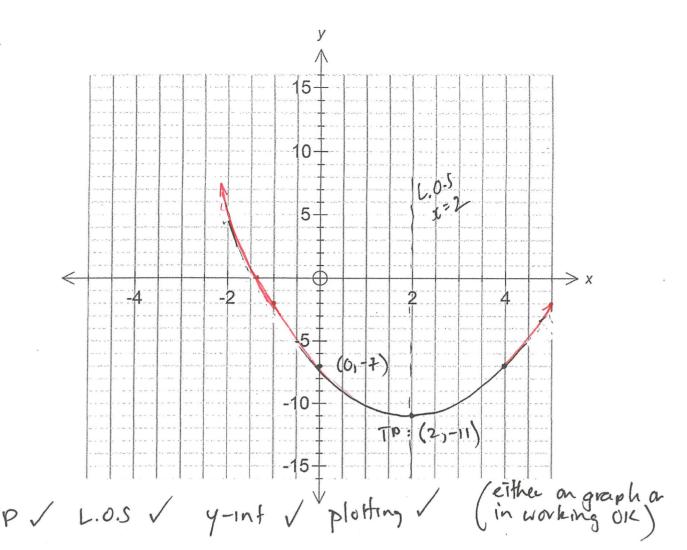
#### Question 3 [3 marks]

On the axes shown right, sketch a graph of the function

$$y = (x+2)(x-4)^2$$

Clearly label all axes intercepts.





b) Use the discriminant to show the equation  $y = x^2 - 4x - 7$  has two roots.

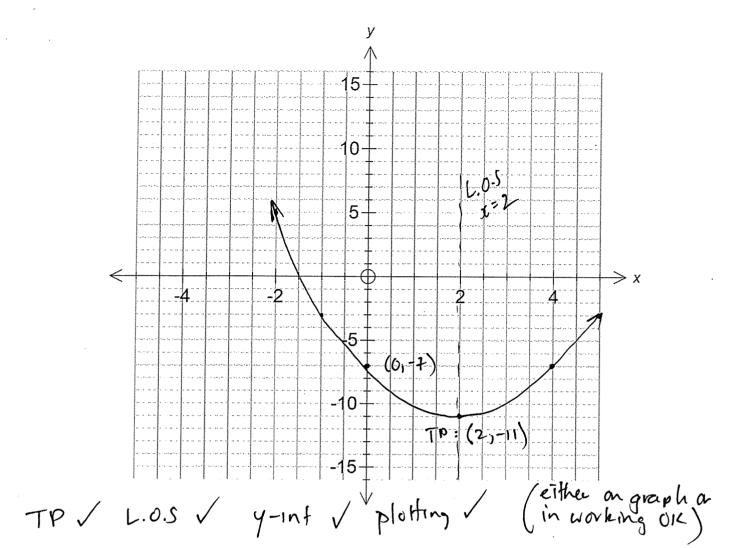
$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 16 - 4(1)(-7) = 44$$

As  $\Delta > 0$ , the equation has 2 roots.

c) If the graph is to have only one root, the graph will need to be translated upwards d units.

- i) What is the value of d?
- ii) What is the equation of the new graph?

$$y = x^2 - 4x + 4$$



b) Use **the discriminant** to show the equation  $y = x^2 - 4x - 7$  has two roots.

$$\Lambda = b^2 - 4ac = 16 - 4(1)(-7) = 44$$

As  $\Lambda > 0$ , the equation has 2 roots.

- c) If the graph is to have only one root, the graph will need to be translated upwards d units.
  - i) What is the value of d?

ii) What is the equation of the new graph?

$$y = x^2 - 4x + 4$$



# YEAR 11 MATHEMATICS METHODS UNIT 1

TEST 1

TERM 1, 2018

Test date: Tuesday 20th of February

# **APPLECROSS**

SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL

STUDENT NAME:	1
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25

# Section 2: Resource - Rich Working time: 25 minutes

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ClassPad and/or Scientific Calculators
1 sheet of A<sub>4</sub>-sized paper of notes, double-sided

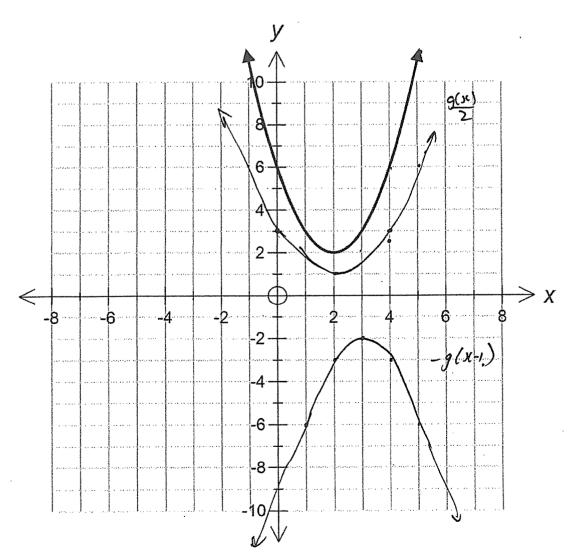
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$$y = \frac{g(x)}{2}$$

b) 
$$y = -g(x-1)$$
 framslated #1

reflected



Page 5



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TEST 1

TERM 1, 2018

Test date: Tuesday 20th of February

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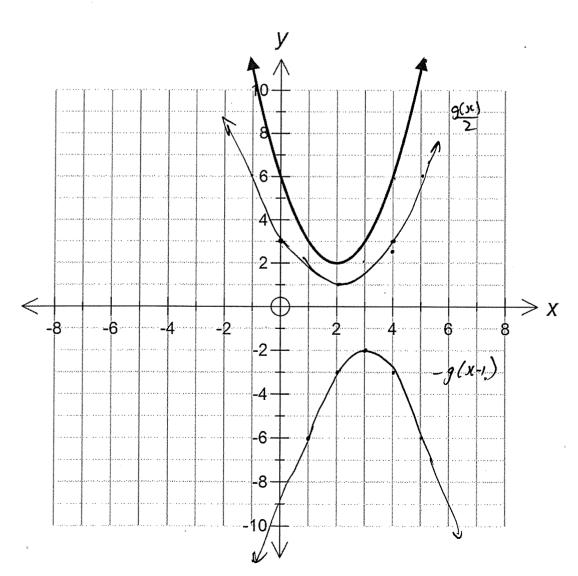
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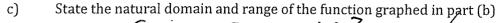
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a) 
$$y = \frac{g(x)}{2}$$

b) 
$$y = -g(x-1)$$
 translated #1

reflected





$$R: \{y: y \in \mathbb{R}, y \neq 1\}$$

d) For the function 
$$w(x) = \frac{3}{4-x} + 2$$
, determine the

Honzontal: 
$$w(x)=2$$
 /  
Vertical:  $x=4$ 

ii) behaviour of 
$$W(X)$$
 as  $X \to +\infty$ 

as 
$$x \to +\infty$$
,  $w(x) \to 2$ 

### Question 11 [4 marks]

A rectangular piece of cardboard is 4 cm longer than it is wide. An open-top box is constructed from the piece of cardboard by cutting a 6 cm square out of each corner and folding the resulting flaps upwards to create the box. If the volume of the box created in this way is 840 cm<sup>3</sup>, find the dimensions of the original piece of

$$\frac{2}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+4-12)(x-12) * 6 = 840/$$

$$(x-8)(x-12)\times6=840$$

$$=) CP \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{2} \propto 22 \sqrt{*}$$